Improving Quality of Care through PRIME



California's 21 public health care systems have demonstrated leadership across the safety net through an aggressive evolution towards value-based payment. The 1115 Medicaid (called Medi-Cal in California) waivers have served as a driving force for these efforts over the past 11 years. Most recently, the **Public Hospital Redesign and Incentives in Medi-Cal (PRIME)**, a pay-for-performance delivery system improvement program has led to real gains in the quality of care that we deliver. These advances include identifying health issues early, delivering effective care in appropriate settings, and improved health outcomes. The examples below illustrate these efforts, which have taken place over the last three years.

Increasing Depression Screenings



Approximately 8 out of 10 people diagnosed with depression report difficulty in performing day-to-day tasks.
In young adulthood, depression has been found to be associated with early pregnancy, decreased school performance, and impaired work, social, and family functioning. For those with comorbid conditions, depression worsens the course of their disease.

Between 2015 to 2018, public health care systems screened

an additional 185k+ PATIENTS FOR DEPRESSION

Increasing Colorectal Cancer Screenings

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- An estimated 18,400 new cases of colorectal cancer occurred in California in 2017.^{4,5,6}
- Costs can be as high as \$310,000 per patient annually.⁷
- Early detection saves lives and is highly cost effective by reducing late-stage treatment costs.⁸

Between 2015 to 2018, public health care systems screened an additional



Controlling High Blood Pressure



40% of adults have high blood pressure, which can lead to serious cardiovascular events such as stroke and congestive heart failure.⁹

Other than pregnancy, high blood pressure is the most common reason for adult office visits. ¹⁰
 Controlling high blood pressure is cost effective and a key component of preventative care. ¹¹

An additional

Rate of Patients with Blood Pressure Control



Increasing Tobacco Screening and Counseling

- One in five American adults smoke, which may cause cancer, cardiovascular, and pulmonary disease, resulting in an estimated 443,000 premature deaths and almost \$100 billion in productivity lost each year.¹²
- Screening and counseling is an effective method for smoking cessation.¹³

Rate of Tobacco Screening and Counseling



Decreasing 30-Day Readmissions



- Nearly 14% of all readmissions within 30 days (for all causes) are due to preventable conditions.¹⁴
- Readmissions cost around \$20 billion a year.^{15, 16}

Between 2015 to 2018, public health care systems decreased all-cause 30day readmission rates by <u>4%</u>

Improving Diabetes Control



- Diabetes is the seventh leading cause of death in the U.S. which may cause debilitating and extremely costly adverse health events such as stroke, heart disease, and kidney failure.¹⁷
- Maintaining blood sugar at healthy levels helps reduce the risk of severe health complications.¹⁸

Between 2015 to 2018, public health care systems helped an additional



patients achieve better diabetes control

INDIVIDUAL SYSTEM PERFORMANCE

Each of California's public health care systems earn federal incentive funding based on their PRIME metric performance. Over the last three years, public health care systems have, on average, each taken on 60 performance improvement metrics, with an overall 93% target achievement rate. Individual system performance highlights since the start of the program are shown below.

Alameda Health System	Arrowhead Regional Medical Center	Contra Costa Health Services	Kern Medical
Screened 12,151 more patients for depression	Screened 42% (1,587) more patients for colorectal cancer	Helped 19% more patients achieve better blood sugar control	More than doubled their rate of colorectal cancer screenings (1,168 additional patients screened)
Los Angeles County Department of Health Services	Natividad Medical Center	Riverside University Health System	Santa Clara Valley Health & Hospital System
Screened and counseled an additional 20,869 patients for tobacco use	Lowered their 30-day readmission rate by 27%	Helped 54% more patients achieve control of their blood pressure	Screened and counseled an additional 7,070 patients for tobacco use
San Francisco Health Network	San Joaquin General Hospital	San Mateo Medical Center	Ventura County Health Agency
Screened 36% (3,828) more patients for depression	Lowered their 30-day readmission rate by 13%	Screened 4,322 more patients for depression	Increased their rate of colorectal cancer screenings by 68%
UC Davis UC Irv Health	ine Health UCLA H	ealth UCSD Health	UCSF Health
Helped 17% more patients achieve blood pressure control	their 30-day readmission rate by 28% bet	Iped 30% more actients achieve ter blood sugar control	Screened and counseled 10% (2,839) more patients for tobacco use

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